

(Aerosol)

# Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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SDS No.: 369112

V005.0

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

BONDERITE L-GP D18A ACHESON known as PULVE D18A (Aerosol)

BONDERITE L-GP D18A ACHESON known as PULVE D18A

#### **Contains:**

Acetone

Butanone

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Metal forming product

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel AG & Co. KGaA

Henkelstr. 67

40589 Düsseldorf

Germany

Phone: +49 (211) 797 0 Fax-no.: +49 (211) 798 4008

ua-productsafety.de@henkel.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

The Henkel information service also provides an around-the-clock telephone service on phone no.+49-(0)211-797-3350 for exceptional cases.

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (CLP):

Flammable gases Category 1

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

Gases under pressure Category 1

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Target organ: Central Nervous System

## 2.2. Label elements

### Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statement:** H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Supplemental information EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Precautionary statement:** P210 Keep away from heat/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. **Prevention** 

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours.

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Storage

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

### 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

## Base substances of preparation:

Pigment solvent

### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	EC Number	content	Classification
	REACH-Reg No. 200-662-2	20 40.0/	Fl 1:- 2
Acetone 67-64-1	01-2119471330-49	20- 40 %	Flam. Liq. 2 H225
0/-04-1	01-21194/1330-49		
			Eye Irrit. 2 H319
			STOT SE 3
			H336
Propane	200-827-9	20- 40 %	Flam. Gas 1
74-98-6	01-2119486944-21	20- 40 %	H220
74-96-0	01-2119480944-21		Press, Gas
			riess. Gas
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene)	203-448-7	20- 40 %	Flam. Gas 1
106-97-8	01-2119474691-32		H220
			Press. Gas
Butanone	201-159-0	10- 20 %	STOT SE 3
78-93-3	01-2119457290-43		H336
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			Flam. Liq. 2
			H225
ethyl formate	203-721-0	1-< 5 %	Flam. Liq. 2
109-94-4			H225
			Acute Tox. 4; Inhalation
			H332
			Acute Tox. 4; Oral
			H302
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			STOT SE 3
			H335
1,3-Dioxolane	211-463-5	1- < 5 %	Flam. Liq. 2
646-06-0	01-2119490744-29		H225
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Immediately wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Eye contact:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Fine water spray

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Water jet (solvent-containing product).

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Cool pressurized can containers with jet of water. Containers may explode.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear protective equipment.

## Additional information:

Cool endangered containers with water spray jet.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Danger of slipping on spilled product.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Ensure that workrooms are adequately ventilated.

See advice in section 8

Avoid open flames and sources of ignition.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion proof electric equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charges.

## Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Do not store near sources of heat or ignition, or reactive materials.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Metal forming product

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for Germany

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acetone 67-64-1	500	1.200	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Acetone 67-64-1			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Propane 74-98-6	1.000	1.800	Exposure limit(s):	4	TRGS 900
Propane 74-98-6			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Butane 106-97-8	1.000	2.400	Exposure limit(s):	4	TRGS 900
Butane 106-97-8			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3 [BUTANONE]	200	600	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Butanone 78-93-3 [BUTANONE]	300	900	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
Butanone 78-93-3			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3	200	600	Exposure limit(s):	I If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Ethyl formate 109-94-4			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Ethyl formate 109-94-4			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900
Ethyl formate 109-94-4	100	310	Exposure limit(s):	I If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
1,3-Dioxolane 546-06-0	100	310	Exposure limit(s):	Even if the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there still may be a risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900

1,3-Dioxolane		Short Term Exposure	Category II: substances with a	TRGS 900
646-06-0		Classification:	resorptive effect.	

# $\label{eq:predicted} \textbf{Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):}$

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value				Remarks
	Compartment	periou	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Acetone	aqua		21 mg/l				
67-64-1	(intermittent		8				
	releases)						
Acetone	sewage		100 mg/l				
67-64-1	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
Acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
Acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(marine water)						
Acetone	soil				29,5 mg/kg		
67-64-1							
Acetone	aqua		10,6 mg/l				
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
Acetone	aqua (marine		1,06 mg/l	1			
67-64-1	water)			1			
Butanone	aqua		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	(freshwater)						
Butanone	aqua (marine		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	water)						
Butanone	aqua		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	(intermittent						
	releases)						
Butanone	sewage		709 mg/l				
78-93-3	treatment plant						
<b>T</b>	(STP)				20151		
Butanone	sediment				284,74		
78-93-3	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
Butanone	sediment				284,7		
78-93-3	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Butanone 78-93-3	soil				22,5 mg/kg		
Butanone	1				1000		
78-93-3	oral				mg/kg		
1,3-Dioxolane	a ave		19,7 mg/l		IIIg/Kg		
646-06-0	aqua (freshwater)		19,7 mg/1				
1.3-Dioxolane	aqua (marine		1,97 mg/l				
646-06-0	water)		1,97 IIIg/1				
1,3-Dioxolane	aqua		0,95 mg/l				
646-06-0	(intermittent		0,75 mg/1				
040 00 0	releases)						
1.3-Dioxolane	sediment			1	77,7 mg/kg		
646-06-0	(freshwater)				/ / , / IIIg/Rg		
1.3-Dioxolane	sediment			1	7,77 mg/kg		
646-06-0	(marine water)				,,,,, mg, kg		
1,3-Dioxolane	soil			1	2,62 mg/kg		
646-06-0					2,029/119		
1,3-Dioxolane	Sewage		1 mg/l	1	İ		
646-06-0	treatment plant		3-				

# **Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):**

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
Acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
Acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
Acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1161 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		600 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		412 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		106 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		31 mg/kg	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		4,1 mg/kg	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		19 mg/m3	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		75 mg/kg	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		5,7 mg/m3	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,8 mg/kg	

# **Biological Exposure Indices:**

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	Parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time		Basis of biol. exposure index	 Additional Information
Acetone 67-64-1	acetone	Urine	Sampling time: End of shift.	80 mg/l	DE BGW	
Butanone 78-93-3	2-butanone	Urine	Sampling time: End of shift.	2 mg/l	DE BGW	

# 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls: Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

In case of aerosol formation, we recommend wearing of appropriate respiratory protection equipment with ABEK P2 filter (EN 14387).

This recommendation should be matched to local conditions.

#### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobutylene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobutylene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Protective goggles

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Suitable protective clothing

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance aerosol

aerosol grev

Odor Solvent

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pH Not applicable

Melting point No data available / Not applicable Solidification temperature No data available / Not applicable

Initial boiling point 56 °C (132.8 °F) Flash point Solvent Mixtures

Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable Flammability No data available / Not applicable

Explosive limits

 lower
 1,8 %(V)

 upper
 13,0 %(V)

 Vapour pressure
 764 mbar

(50 °C (122 °F))

Vapour pressure 961 mbar

(55 °C (131 °F))

Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable

Density 0,82 g/cm3

(20 °C (68 °F))

Bulk density No data available / Not applicable Solubility No data available / Not applicable

Solubility (qualitative) Partially miscible

(20 °C (68 °F))

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)

No data available / Not applicable

Explosive properties Oxidising properties No data available / Not applicable No data available / Not applicable

### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reaction with strong oxidants.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

In case of fire toxic gases can be released.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	LD50	2.737 mg/kg	rat	not specified
ethyl formate 109-94-4	LD50	1.850 mg/kg	rat	not specified

## Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Acetone	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
67-64-1				
Butanone	LD50	6.400 - 8.000	rabbit	not specified
78-93-3		mg/kg		

## Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Test atmosphere	-	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			time		
Acetone 67-64-1	LC50	76 mg/l		4 h	rat	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	LC50	> 800000 ppm	gas	15 min	rat	not specified
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	LC50	274200 ppm	gas	4 h	rat	not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	LC50	> 20 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified

## Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Acetone	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1				_
Butanone	moderately		rabbit	not specified
78-93-3	irritating			

## Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Butanone 78-93-3	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

## Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Acetone	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1		test		
Butanone	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	not specified
78-93-3		test		

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of	Metabolic activation /	Species	Method
CAS-NO.		administration	Exposure time		
Acetone	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
67-64-1		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)
Acetone	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
67-64-1		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
		aberration test			Aberration Test)
Acetone	negative	mammalian cell	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro
67-64-1		gene mutation assay			Mammalian Cell Gene
					Mutation Test)
Propane	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
74-98-6		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)
Propane	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
74-98-6		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
		aberration test			Aberration Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 %	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
butadiene)		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
106-97-8		Ames test)			Assay)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 %	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
butadiene)		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
106-97-8		aberration test			Aberration Test)
Butanone	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
78-93-3		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)

## Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

# Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Test type	Route of	Species	Method
CAS-No.			application		
Butane, n- (< 0.1 %	NOAEL P 21,4 mg/l			rat	OECD Guideline 422
butadiene)					(Combined Repeated Dose
106-97-8	NOAEL F1 21,4 mg/l				Toxicity Study with the
					Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)

# STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

# STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of	Species	Method
			treatment		
Acetone	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral:	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
67-64-1		drinking	daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
		water			Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Propane		inhalation:	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 422
74-98-6		gas			(Combined Repeated
					Dose Toxicity Study with
					the Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 %		inhalation:	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 422
butadiene)		gas			(Combined Repeated
106-97-8					Dose Toxicity Study with
					the Reproduction /
					Developmental Toxicity
					Screening Test)
Butanone	NOAEL 2500 ppm	inhalation	90 days	rat	not specified
78-93-3			6 hours/day, 5		
			days/week		

## Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **General ecological information:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## **Toxicity (Fish):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
67-64-1					Acute Toxicity Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene)	LC50	27,98 mg/l	96 h		not specified
106-97-8					
Butanone	LC50	3.220 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
78-93-3					Acute Toxicity Test)
1,3-Dioxolane	LC50	> 95,4 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
646-06-0				_	Acute Toxicity Test)

## Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202
67-64-1					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	EC50	14,22 mg/l	48 h		not specified
Butanone	EC50	5.091 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
78-93-3	LCSU	5.071 mg/1	70 11	Dupinnu mugnu	(Daphnia sp. Acute
70-73-3					Immobilisation Test)
ethyl formate	EC50	120 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
109-94-4					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)
1,3-Dioxolane	EC50	> 772 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
646-06-0					(Daphnia sp. Acute
					Immobilisation Test)

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

0.0.37	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	- T	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

# Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	EC50	7,71 mg/l	96 h		not specified
Butanone	EC50	> 1.000 mg/l			OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
78-93-3					Growth Inhibition Test)
1,3-Dioxolane	NOEC	877 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
646-06-0				(new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	Growth Inhibition Test)
1,3-Dioxolane	ErC50	> 877 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga,
646-06-0				(new name: Pseudokirchneriella	Growth Inhibition Test)
				subcapitata)	

## Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1				_	(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)
Butanone	EC 50	> 1.000 mg/l			OECD Guideline 209
78-93-3					(Activated Sludge,
					Respiration Inhibition Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure	Method
CAS-No.				time	
Acetone	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination
67-64-1					of the "Ready"
					BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle
					Test)
Butanone	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 60 %		OECD 301 A - F
78-93-3					
1,3-Dioxolane		aerobic	20 %		OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready
646-06-0					Biodegradability: Modified MITI
					Test (I))

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances	LogPow	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.			
Acetone	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
67-64-1			Flask Method)
Butanone	0,29		not specified
78-93-3			
ethyl formate	0,23		not specified
109-94-4			
1,3-Dioxolane	-0,35		not specified
646-06-0			

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
Acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propane	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
74-98-6	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % butadiene)	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
106-97-8	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Butanone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
78-93-3	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

The product contains organic solvents which are insoluble in water. According to the requirements of the ATV regulations for the dis charge of wastewater from commercial and industrial plant, organic solvents which are immiscible with water can only be dis charged to an extent which corresponds to their solubility in water. The local discharge regulations take precedence.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

In consultation with the responsible local authority, must be subjected to special treatment.

#### Waste code

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

080111

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number

ADR	1950
RID	1950
ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
IATA	1950

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	AEROSOLS
RID	AEROSOLS
ADN	AEROSOLS
IMDG	AEROSOLS
IATA	Aerosols, flammable

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	2.1
RID	2.1
ADN	2.1
IMDG	2.1
IATA	2.1

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR RID ADN IMDG IATA

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	not applicable
	Tunnelcode: (D)
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content (2010/75/EU)

90,9 %

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

### National regulations/information (Germany):

WGK: WGK = 1, slightly water endangering product. Classification according to the

mixture rules in German VwVwS regulation annex 4 from 27.July 2005

WGK: WGK = 1, slightly water endangering mixture. Classification according to the

mixture rules in German AwSV regulation annex 1, number 5.2 from 18. April

2017.

Storage class according to TRGS 510: 2B General remarks (DE): None

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Further information:**

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.