

## Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended Page 1 of 17

SDS No.: 369114

V001.2

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14.10.2009

# BONDERITE L-GP D31A known as PULVEGRAPH D31A (Aerosol)

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

BONDERITE L-GP D31A known as PULVEGRAPH D31A (Aerosol)

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Metal forming product

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel & Cie. AG Adhesives Salinenstrasse 61

4133 Pratteln

Switzerland

Phone: +41 (61) 8257-000 Fax-no.: +41 (61) 8257-446

ua-productsafety.de@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tox Info Suisse (24h / 7d): +41 44 251 51 51 or 145 (Switzerland and Liechtenstein).

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (CLP):

Flammable aerosols Category 1

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Target organ: Central nervous system

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



**Contains** acetone

Butanone

Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statement:** H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Supplemental information** EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Precautionary statement:** P210 Keep away from heat/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

**Prevention** P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours.

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

**Precautionary statement:** 

Storage

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

## Base substances of preparation:

Pigment

solvent

#### Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components	EC Number	content	Classification
CAS-No.	REACH-Reg No.		
acetone	200-662-2	20- 40 %	Flam. Liq. 2
67-64-1			H225
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			STOT SE 3
			H336
Propane	200-827-9	20- 40 %	Flam. Gas 1A
74-98-6			H220
			Press. Gas
			H280
But ane, n- ( $< 0.1 \%$ but adiene)	203-448-7	20- 40 %	Press. Gas
106-97-8			H280
			Flam. Gas 1A
			H220
Butanone	201-159-0	10-< 20 %	STOT SE 3
78-93-3			H336
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			Flam. Liq. 2
			H225
ethyl formate	203-721-0	1-< 5 %	Flam. Liq. 2
109-94-4			H225
			Acute Tox. 4; Inhalation
			H332
			Acute Tox. 4; Oral
			H302
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319
			STOT SE 3
			H335
1,3-Dioxolane	211-463-5	1-< 5 %	Flam. Liq. 2
646-06-0			H225
			Eye Irrit. 2
			H319

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Fresh air, oxygen supply, warmth; seek specialist medical attention.

Skin contact:

Immediately wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

Eye contact:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media:

Fine water spray

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Water jet (solvent-containing product).

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in fires.

Cool pressurized can containers with jet of water. Containers may explode.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear protective equipment.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## Additional information:

Cool endangered containers with water spray jet.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust).

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Ensure that workrooms are adequately ventilated.

See advice in section 8

Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charges.

Avoid open flames and sources of ignition.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion proof electric equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Hy giene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

The choice of the Personal Protection Equipment must be in compliance with the requirements of the Suisse Occupational Health and Safety Legislation.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Do not store near sources of heat or ignition, or reactive materials.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Metal forming product

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Switzerland

Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500			category/Remarks	
[ACETONE]		1.210	Time Weighted Average	Indicative	ECTLV
			(TWA):		
Acetone	1.000	2.400	Short Term Exposure		SMAK
67-64-1			Limit (STEL):		
[Acetone]					
Acetone	500	1.200	Time Weighted Average		SMAK
57-64-1			(TWA):		
[Acetone]					
Propane	1.000	1.800	Time Weighted Average		SMAK
74-98-6			(TWA):		
Propane]					
Propane	4.000	7.200	Short Term Exposure		SMAK
74-98-6			Limit (STEL):		
Propane]					
Butane	3.200	7.600	Short Term Exposure		SMAK
106-97-8			Limit (STEL):		
n-Butane					
Butane (both isomers): n-Butane]					
Butane	800	1.900	Time Weighted Average		SMAK
106-97-8			(TWA):		
n-Butane					
Butane (both isomers): n-Butane]					
Butanone	200	600	Time Weighted Average	Indicative	ECTLV
78-93-3			(TWA):		
BUT ANONE]					
Butanone	300	900	Short Term Exposure	Indicative	ECTLV
78-93-3			Limit (STEL):		
BUT ANONE]					
Butanone	200	590	Time Weighted Average		SMAK
78-93-3			(TWA):		
[2-Butanone]					
Butanone			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the	SMAK
78-93-3			_	skin.	
2-Butanone]					
Butanone				If in compliance with the OEL	SMAK
78-93-3				and BEL values, then there	
[2-Butanone]				should be no risk of	
				reproductive damage.	
Butanone	200	590	Short Term Exposure		SMAK
78-93-3			Limit (STEL):		
2-Butanone]					
Ethyl formate	100	310	Short Term Exposure		SMAK
109-94-4			Limit (STEL):		
Ethyl formate]					
Ethyl formate				If in compliance with the OEL	SMAK
109-94-4				and BEL values, then there	
Ethyl formate]				should be no risk of	
				reproductive damage.	
Ethyl formate			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the	SMAK
109-94-4				skin.	
Ethyl formate]					
Ethyl formate	100	310	Time Weighted Average		SMAK
109-94-4			(TWA):		
Ethyl formate]	200	600	Short Term Exposure		SMAK
Ethyl formate]  1,3-Dioxolane	200	Ī	Limit (STEL):		
,3-Dioxolane	200		(~).		
,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	200		().		
,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0 1,3-Dioxolane (Dioxacyclopentane)]	200		, , ,	Can be absorbed through the	SMAK
,3-Dioxolane 546-06-0 1,3-Dioxolane (Dioxacyclopentane)] ,3-Dioxolane 546-06-0	200		Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	SMAK
	200		, , ,	0	SMAK

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646-06-0		(TWA):	
[1,3-Dioxolane (Dioxacyclopentane)]		,	

## **Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):**

Name on list	Environmental		Value	Value			Remarks
	Compartment	period	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
acetone	aqua		21 mg/l	ppiii	mg/kg	others	
67-64-1	(intermittent		Z1 mg/i				
07-04-1	releases)						
	,		100 mg/l				
acetone	sewage		100 mg/1				
67-64-1	treatment plant (STP)						
acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
57-64-1	(marine water)						
acetone	Soil				29,5 mg/kg		
67-64-1							
acetone	aqua		10,6 mg/l				
67-64-1	(freshwater)		, 6-				
acetone	aqua (marine		1,06 mg/l				
67-64-1	water)		1,0011191				
Butanone	aqua		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	(freshwater)		33,0 mg1				
Butanone	aqua (marine		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	water)		33,6 mg/1				
Butanone	aqua		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	(intermittent		33,6 mg/1				
/8-93-3							
D. 4	releases)		700				
Butanone 78-93-3	sewage		709 mg/l				
/8-93-3	treatment plant						
n .	(STP)				204.74		
Butanone	sediment				284,74		
78-93-3	(freshwater)		1		mg/kg		
Butanone	sediment				284,7		
78-93-3	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Butanone	Soil				22,5 mg/kg		
78-93-3							
Butanone	oral				1000		
78-93-3					mg/kg		
1,3-Dioxolane	aqua		19,7 mg/l				
646-06-0	(freshwater)						
1,3-Dioxolane	aqua (marine		1,97 mg/l				
646-06-0	water)			<u> </u>			
1,3-Dioxolane	aqua		0,95 mg/l				
646-06-0	(intermittent						
	releases)		1				
1.3-Dioxolane	sediment				77,7 mg/kg		
546-06-0	(freshwater)		1		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
1,3-Dioxolane	sediment				7,77 mg/kg		
646-06-0	(marine water)		1		.,.,		
1,3-Dioxolane	Soil		1	1	2,62 mg/kg		
546-06-0	3011		1		2,02 mg/kg		
1.3-Dioxolane	Samaa		1 mg/l				
<b>,</b> -	Sewage transferent plant		1 mg/l				
646-06-0	treat ment plant		1				

## Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	Acute/short term exposure - local		
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral			62 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1161 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		600 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		412 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		106 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		31 mg/kg	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1,18 mg/kg	
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,306 mg/m3	

## **Biological Exposure Indices:**

In gredient [Regulated substance]	Parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time		Basis of biol. exposure index		Additional Information
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	acetone		Sampling time: End of exposure / end of shift.	80 mg/l	СН ВАТ	Unspecified parameter	
Butanone 78-93-3 [2-BUT ANONE; METHYL ETHYL KETONE]	MEK		Sampling time: End of exposure / end of shift.	2 mg/l	СН ВАТ		

## 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/suction at the workplace.

Respiratory protection:

In case of aerosol formation, we recommend wearing of appropriate respiratory protection equipment with ABEK P2 filter (EN 14387).

This recommendation should be matched to local conditions.

#### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobuty lene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobuty lene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection: Protective goggles

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Suitable protective clothing

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The choice of the Personal Protection Equipment must be in compliance with the requirements of the Suisse Occupational Health and Safety Legislation.

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance aerosol

aerosol black

Odor Solvent

Odour threshold No data available / Not applicable

pH Not applicable

Melting pointNo data available / Not applicableSolidification temperatureNo data available / Not applicableInitial boiling pointNo data available / Not applicable

Flash point Solvent Mixtures

Evaporation rate No data available / Not applicable Flammability No data available / Not applicable

Explosive limits

lower 1,8 %(V)
upper 13,0 %(V)
Vapour pressure 764 mbar

(50 °C (122 °F))

Vapour pressure 961 mbar

(55 °C (131 °F))

Relative vapour density: No data available / Not applicable

Density 0,82 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

(20 °C (68 °F))

Bulk density No data available / Not applicable Solubility No data available / Not applicable

Solubility (qualitative) Partially miscible

(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable
No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity

No data available / Not applicable
Viscosity (kinematic)

No data available / Not applicable
Explosive properties

No data available / Not applicable

Oxidising properties

No data available / Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available / Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reaction with strong oxidants.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

In case of fire toxic gases can be released.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	LD50	2.737 mg/kg	rat	not specified
ethyl formate 109-94-4	LD50	1.850 mg/kg	rat	not specified
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

#### Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
acetone	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
67-64-1				
Butanone	LD50	> 6.400 mg/kg	rabbit	not specified
78-93-3				
1,3-Dioxolane	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	not specified
646-06-0				

## Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	76 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
Propane 74-98-6	LC50	> 800000 ppm	gas	15 min	rat	not specified
Butane, n- (< 0.1 % but adiene) 106-97-8	LC50	274200 ppm	gas	4 h	rat	not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	LC50	> 20 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified

#### Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

#### Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Butanone 78-93-3	irritating		rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Species	Method
CAS-No.				
acetone	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	not specified
67-64-1		test		
Butanone 78-93-3	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study/ Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)
acetone	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
67-64-1		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
		aberrationtest			Aberration Test)
acetone	negative	mammalian cell	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro
67-64-1		gene mutation assay			Mammalian Cell Gene
					Mutation Test)
Propane	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
74-98-6		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
		Ames test)			Assay)
Propane	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
74-98-6		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
		aberrationtest			Aberration Test)
Butane, n- (<0.1 %	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		OECD Guideline 471
butadiene)		mutation assay (e.g			(Bacterial Reverse Mutation
106-97-8		Ames test)			Assay)
Butane, n- (<0.1 %	negative	in vitro mammalian	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro
butadiene)		chromosome			Mammalian Chromosome
106-97-8		aberrationtest			Aberration Test)
Butanone	negative	bacterial reverse	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD
78-93-3		mutation assay (e.g			Guideline 471 (Bacterial
		Ames test)			Reverse Mutation Assay)
Butanone	negative	in vitro mammalian	not applicable		equivalent or similar to OECD
78-93-3		chromosome			Guideline 473 (In vitro
		aberrationtest			Mammalian Chromosome
				1	Aberration Test)
Butanone	negative	mammalian cell	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD
78-93-3		gene mutation assay			Guideline 476 (In vitro
					Mammalian Cell Gene
				1	Mutation Test)

## Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

## Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Propane 74-98-6	NOAEL P 21,6 mg/l NOAEL F1 21,6 mg/l	screening	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Butane, n- (<0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	NOAEL P 21,4 mg/l NOAEL F1 21,4 mg/l	screening	inhalation: gas	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	NOAEL P 10.000 mg/l NOAEL F1 10.000 mg/l	two- generation study	oral: drinking water	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416 (Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

## $STOT\text{-}single\,exposure:\\$

No data available.

## $STOT\text{-}repeated\,exposure::\\$

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
acetone 67-64-1	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	13 w daily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Propane 74-98-6		inhalation: gas	28 d 6 h/d, 7 d/w	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Butane, n- (<0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8		inhalation: gas	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	NOAEL 2500 ppm	inhalation	90 days 6 hours/day, 5 days/week	rat	not specified

## Aspiration hazard:

The mixture is classified based on Viscosity data.

Hazardous substances	Viscosity (kinematic)	Temperature	Method	Remarks
CAS-No.	Value			
Butanone	0,51 mm2/s	20 °C	ASTM Standard D7042	
78-93-3				

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

## Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

~ . ~	Value type	Value	Exposure time	S pe cies	Method
acetone 67-64-1	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Butane, n- (<0.1 % butadiene) 106-97-8	LC50	27,98 mg/l	96 h		not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	LC50	3.220 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	LC50	> 95,4 mg/l	96 h	Lepomis macrochirus	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

## Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia pulex	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
But ane, n- (< 0.1 % but adiene) 106-97-8	EC50	14,22 mg/l	48 h		not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	5.091 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
ethyl formate 109-94-4	EC50	120 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	EC50	> 772 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type		_		
acetone	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
67-64-1					magna, Reproduction Test)

## Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	<b>Exposure time</b>	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09
But ane, n- (< 0.1 % but adiene) 106-97-8	EC50	7,71 mg/l	96 h		not specified
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	2.029 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	EC10	1.289 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	NOEC	877 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricomutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	ErC50	> 877 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricomutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

## Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1				_	(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)
Butanone	EC50	1.150 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8
78-93-3					(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)
Propane 74-98-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 60 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
But ane, n- (<0.1 % but adiene) 106-97-8	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 60 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
Butanone 78-93-3	readily biodegradable	aerobic	98 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
ethyl formate 109-94-4	readily biodegradable		77,48 %	28 day	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0		aerobic	20 %		OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances	LogPow	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.			
acetone	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
67-64-1			Flask Method)
Butanone	0,3	40 °C	OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC
78-93-3			Method)
ethyl formate	0,23		not specified
109-94-4			
1,3-Dioxolane	-0,35		not specified
646-06-0			•

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances	PBT/vPvB
CAS-No.	
acetone 67-64-1	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Propane 74-98-6	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Butane, n- (<0.1 % but adiene) 106-97-8	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Butanone 78-93-3	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
1,3-Dioxolane 646-06-0	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

The product contains organic solvents which are insoluble in water. According to the requirements of the ATV regulations for the dis charge of wastewater from commercial and industrial plant, organic solvents which are immiscible with water can only be dis charged to an extent which corresponds to their solubility in water. The local discharge regulations take precedence.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

In consultation with the responsible local authority, must be subjected to special treatment.

The requirements of the Suisse Technical Directive about Waste (TVA; SR814.600) and the Suisse Directive for Waste Transport (VeVA; SR814.610) shall be met.

#### Waste code

080111

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR	1950
RID	1950
ADN	1950
IMDG	1950
IATA	1950

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	AEROSOLS
RID	AEROSOLS
ADN	AEROSOLS
IMDG	AEROSOLS
IATA	Aerosols, flammable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	2.1
RID	2.1
ADN	2.1
IMDG	2.1
IATA	2.1

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR RID ADN IMDG IATA

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	not applicable
	Tunnelcode: (D)
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC content 93,1 % (2010/75/EU)

VOC content 91,3 % (VOCV 814.018 VOC regulation CH)

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and theft's should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation\_en.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

#### National regulations/information (S witzerland):

General Advices (CH):

This product must not be delivered to the general public (private persons).

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Further information:**

This Safety Data Sheet has been produced for sales from Henkel to parties purchasing from Henkel, is based on Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and provides information in accordance with applicable regulations of the European Union only. In that respect, no statement, warranty or representation of any kind is given as to compliance with any statutory laws or regulations of any other jurisdiction or territory other than the European Union. When exporting to territories other than the European Union, please consult with the respective Safety Data Sheet of the concerned territory to ensure compliance or liaise with Henkel's Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs Department (ua-productsafety.de@henkel.com) prior to export to other territories than the European Union.

This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

#### Dear Customer,

Henkel is committed to creating a sustainable future by promoting opportunities along the entire value chain. If you would like to contribute by switching from a paper to the electronic version of SDS, please contact the local Customer Service representative. We recommend to use a non-personal email address (e.g. SDS@your\_company.com).

Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.